

How Is Your Process Safety Culture?
Better Practices and Approaches to
Self-Assessment

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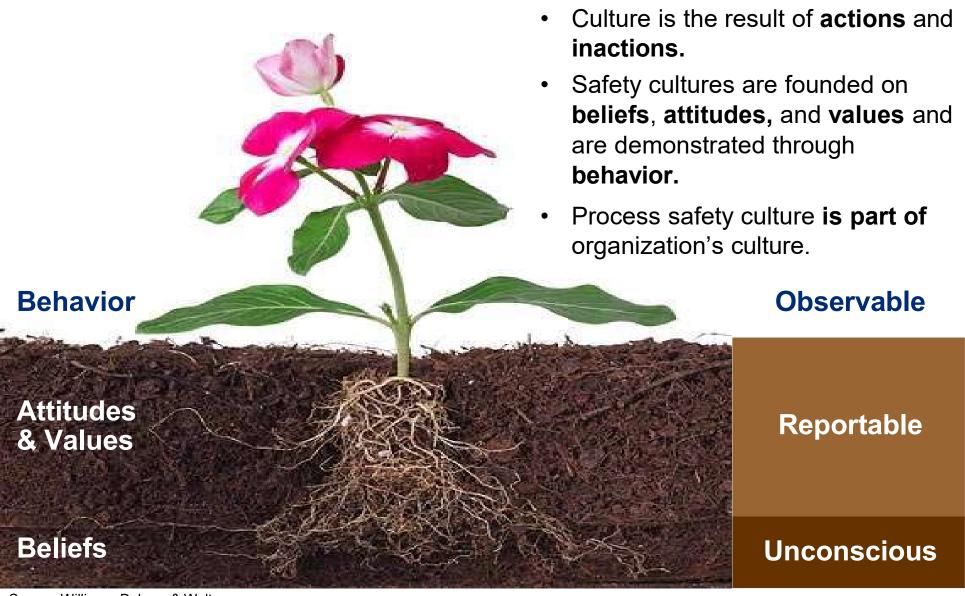
Process safety is personal

Know your hazards; know your barriers and make sure they are functional

Relationships matter

Culture matters

People forget the bad %\$#@



Source: Williams, Dobson & Walters

Culture Is Both Tangible and Intangible

Tangible

Management system/measures (KPIs)

Processes/hazard management

Organization and accountabilities



Process safety leadership and commitment

Process safety behaviors

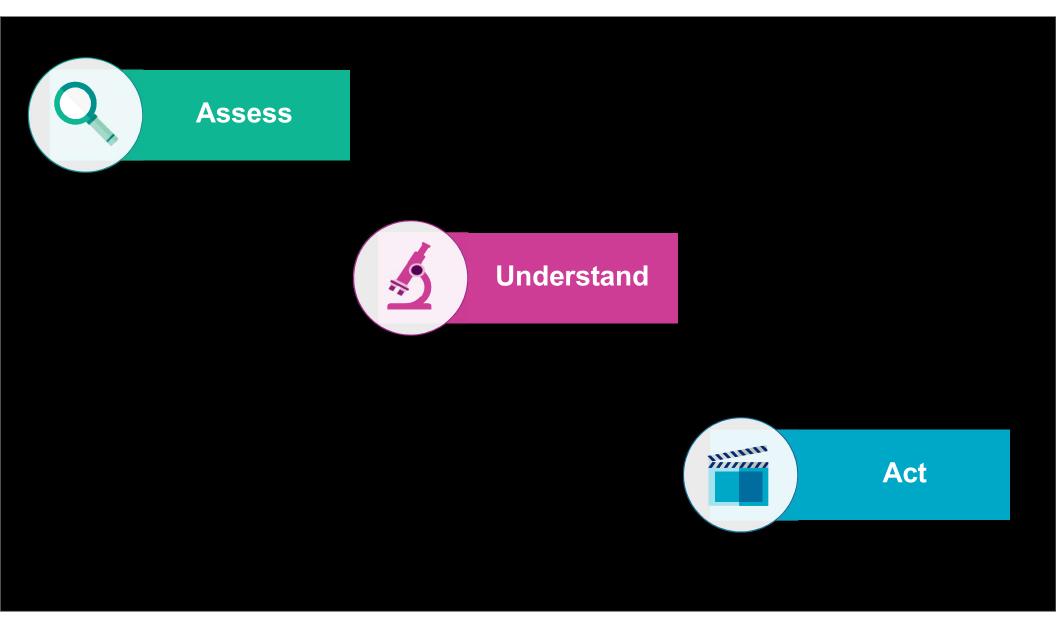
Safety competencies



What We Believe 'Good' Process Safety Culture Looks Like...

Common Definition	Single set of impactful, relevant, and risk-reducing standards.
Aligned and Committed Leadership	Board engagement.
	Common understanding and defined leadership behaviors.
	 Aligned incentives (consequence) to drive risk-reducing behaviors.
Capability and Competency	Training materials and delivery (executives through line employees).
	Process safety competencies defined and assessed (leaders).
Measurement	Effective management review.
	 Leading and lagging metrics identified, tracked, and acted upon.
Management Systems and Global Standards	Development and implementation of management systems.
	Identification and closure of key standards gaps (leveraging work done to date).
	Capital allocation tied to risk reduction.
Continuous Improvement	Process safety verification, assessment, and audit approach.
	Verification that actions were completed and risks reduced.
Change Management and Communications	Communication material development and deployment.

Why Measure Process Safety Culture?



Six Lenses



Board & Executive Level



Operational Leadership



Leading in the Field



Management Systems



Internal Requirements

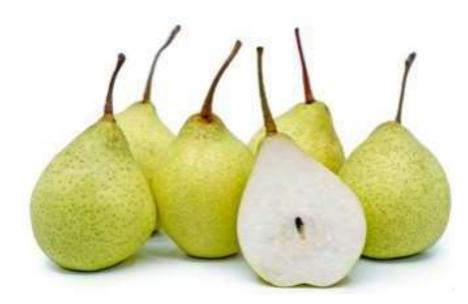


Competence and Perception

Is Your Executive Leadership Aligned and Committed?

- 1. Is my Board **engaged** in process safety?
- 2. Is there a Board **subcommittee** on process safety?
- 3. Does my executive leadership understand the impact of process safety on **PEAR**?
- 4. Are there defined executive **leadership** expectations?
- 5. Does the executive team **review near misses and LFIs**?
- 6. How well do executive leaders perform management review?
- 7. Do executive leaders engage the front line in process safety **dialogues**?
- 8. Are there aligned **incentives** (consequences) to drive risk-reducing behaviors?

People
Environment
Assets
Reputation



Does Your Operational Management Team "Get It"?

- 1. There is a single set of risk-reducing **standards**.
- 2. Operational management invests resources to **train** employees in process safety concepts.
- 3. There are **process safety metrics** (leading and lagging) identified, tracked, and *acted* upon.
- 4. There is a formal process to identify and close **gaps** in our standards.
- **5.** Capital allocation is tied to risk reduction activities.
- 6. Process safety **competencies** are defined and assessed.
- 7. We **verify** that risk reducing actions were completed and **risk reduced**.



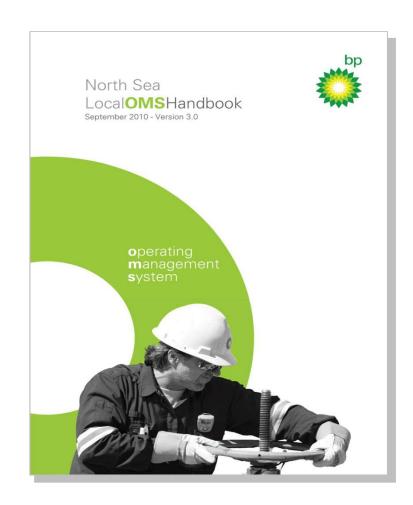
Are Your Leaders Engaged with the Front Line?



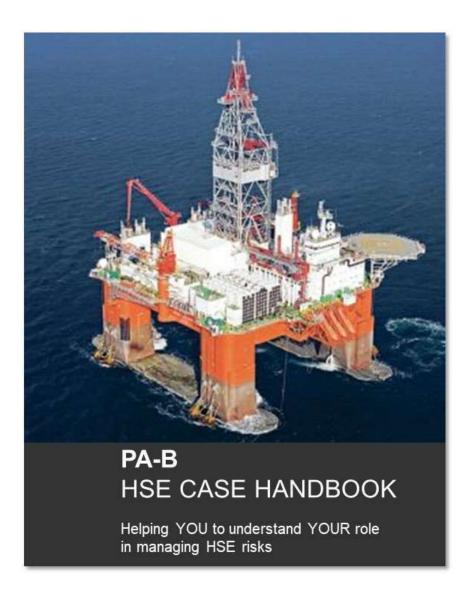
- A. What are your hazards?
- B. What are the barriers?
- C. What's your role in keeping those barriers healthy?
- D. How do you know those barriers are effective?

Is Your Management System Sustainable?

- **A. Risk is managed effectively:** Can your leaders name the same top three operational risks?
- **B. Leaders "own" risk reduction activities:** Are your leaders focused on barrier management against the top risks?
- **C. Risk reduction is part of strategy:** Is your risk appetite tied to your strategy, budgeting, and planning?
- **D. Leaders 'lead' using the management system:** Do leaders refer back to management systems to explain the importance of safety requirements?



Are You In Compliance?



- 1. Safe siting of occupied portable buildings.
- 2. ESD valves on platform risers.
- 3. Temporary refuges.
- 4. Permit to work.
- 5. Management of change.
- 6. Avoid liquid release relief to atmosphere.
- 7. Avoid tank overfill followed by vapor cloud release.
- 8. Avoid brittle fracture of metallic materials.
- 9. Alarm management.
- 10. Sour gas (H2S).
- 11. Deepwater well design and construction.
- 12. Shift handover?

Are Your Employees Competent?



What Do Employees Really Think?

- 1. Management responds as quickly as possible when process safety problems are discovered where I work.
- 2. I am satisfied with my physical working environment (facilities, workspace, safety, lighting, air quality, temperature, etc.).
- 3. Employees can express their ideas/views without fear of negative consequences.
- 4. Where I work, everyone takes personal responsibility for complying with safety rules and procedures.
- 5. Where I work we never compromise our safety in order to meet other targets (costs, deadlines, etc.).
- 6. Safety is a high priority where I work.
- 7. Process safety incidents (barrier failures) are always reported at this site.
- 8. Where I work, if I bring up a concern or an issue about process safety I feel confident that it will be addressed.
- 9. Where I work, we regularly discuss our safety procedures.
- 10. Where I work, we regularly review and discuss our process safety performance.



THANK YOU

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